Understanding The ATL and HB 930

Dunwoody City Council DeKalb County July 23, 2018

Scott Haggard Director of Government and External Affairs, ATL/SRTA

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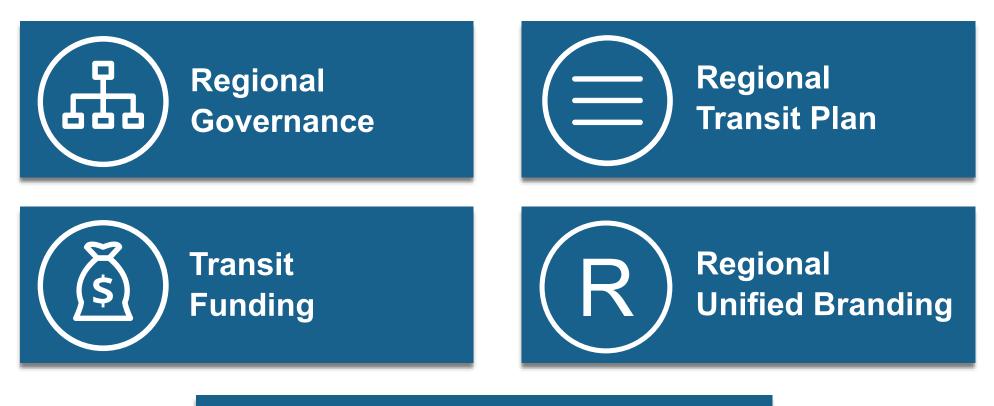
HB930 passed the General Assembly on March 29, 2018 and the Governor signed it into law on May 3, 2018, thus creating a new regional governance and funding structure called...



THE ATLANTA-REGION TRANSIT LINK AUTHORITY

A unifying entity that ensures coordinated planning and funding of transit across Metro Atlanta Oversees all transit activity to increase transparency around regional transit planning, funding and operations

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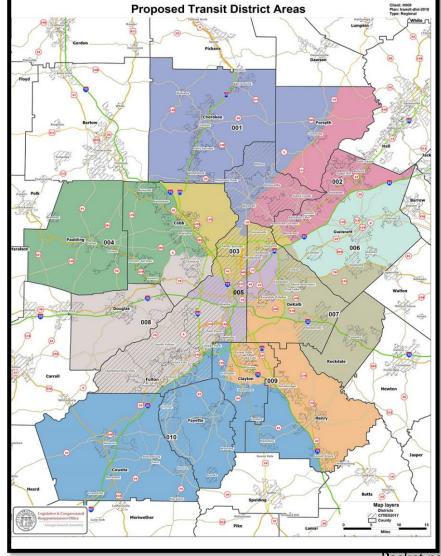


Regional Governance/ ATL Board Structure

16 members, 4 year terms – Designed for regional thought & approach



State Level	Appointees
Governor	1 (Chair)
Lt. Governor	2
Speaker	2
GDOT Commissioner	(Non-voting)*
TOTAL	5* (one third)
Local Level	Appointees
Caucus of Legislators, County Commission Chairs & Mayors	10
within Districts	





Each district's board member shall:

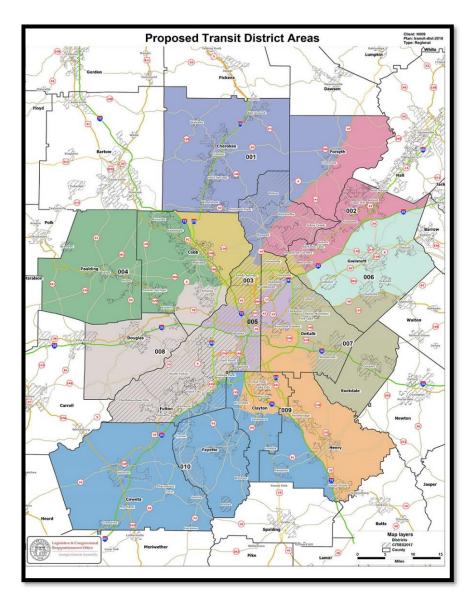
- Be a resident of the authority district which he or she represents
- Possess significant experience or expertise in a field that would be beneficial to the accomplishment of the function and purpose of the authority
- Other than the commissioner of transportation, no person holding any other "office of profit or trust under the state" shall serve on the board



Process for Electing District-based ATL Board Members

10 Transit Districts within the 13-county Region





Two-step process:

1) Mayors in each district meet to select a mayoral representative in the transit district election

2) Transit district election – *called by county chair with largest population in district* – occurs with three subgroups participating:

- State legislators whose districts include any of the transit district
- County commission chairs whose counties are part of the transit district
- Mayor selected in Step 1 (plus Atlanta Mayor if part of district)

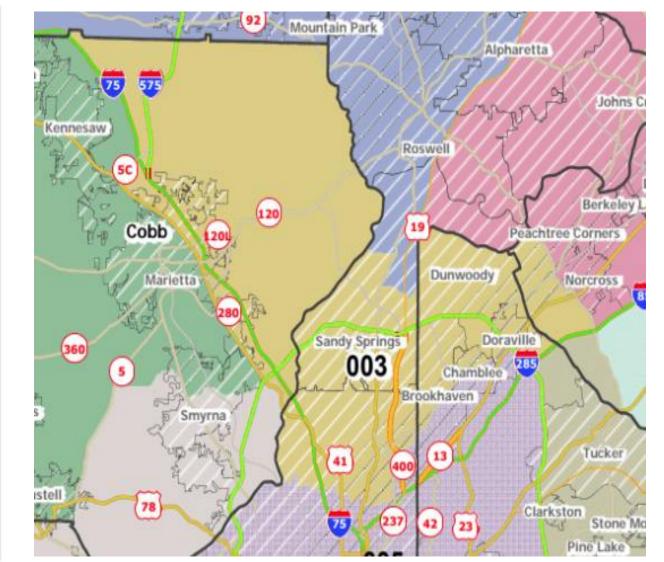
Process for Electing ATL District 3 Board Member Covering Cobb, DeKalb, Fulton and Gwinnett Counties

Step 1 – Mayoral Caucus:

10 mayors meet to select a rep for the district election – from Atlanta, Brookhaven, Chamblee, Doraville, Dunwoody, Kennesaw, Marietta, Peachtree Corners, Sandy Springs, Smyrna

Step 2 – District Election:

- Called by county chair with largest population in district Cobb in this case
- 32 Electors total
- 4 County commission chairs
- 2 Mayors (one from Step 1 + Atlanta)
- 9 State Senators
- 17 State Representatives
- Location of meeting may vary



Districts Including Parts of DeKalb County

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Parts of Four Districts

Dunwoody Mayor Denis Shortal participates in the Step 1 Caucus for District 3

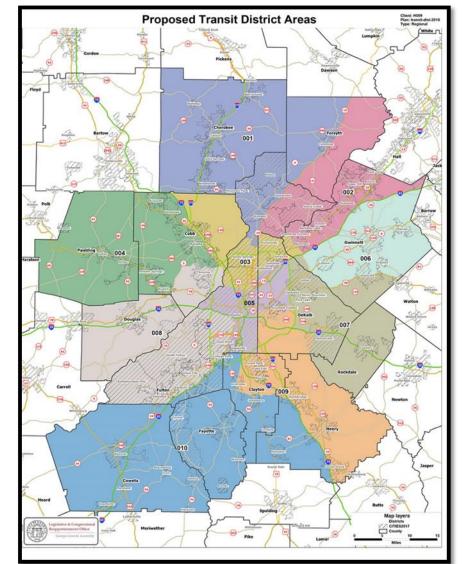
DeKalb has the largest population in two districts (CEO Thurmond calls these meetings):

- District 7 w/Gwinnett & Rockdale
- District 9 w/Clayton & Henry

DeKalb is also part of 2 other districts:

- District 3 w Cobb, Fulton & Gwinnett
- District 5 w/Fulton

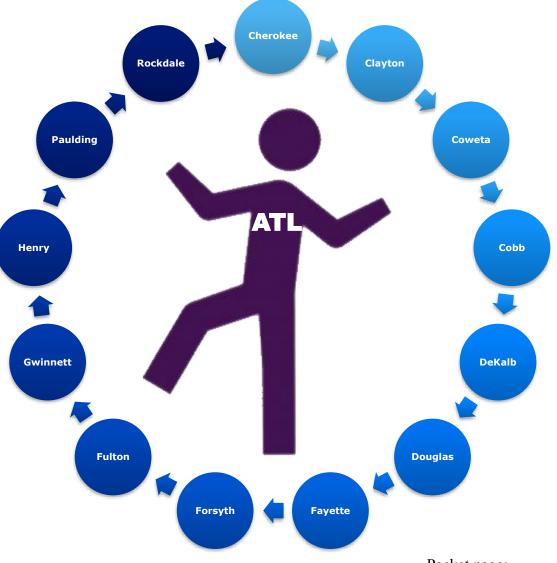
ATL Board members must be elected by December 1, 2018



Regional Transit Plan 1 of 2 Core Activities



- 6-year and 20-year time horizons
- Developed in consultation with the region's Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs)
- Coordinate existing and future transit service
- Regional stakeholders, including local governments, may submit requests to the ATL for additions and amendments to the Plan from time to time based on changing conditions
- After 1/1/2019, referendum transit projects must be in RTP & approved by the ATL



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Management, allocation & generation





 Designated Recipient Role

 ATL's Scope: All Federal & State Transit Funds in region

 ATL can issue its own bonds and work with other state agencies to issue bonds

Transit-specific SPLOST



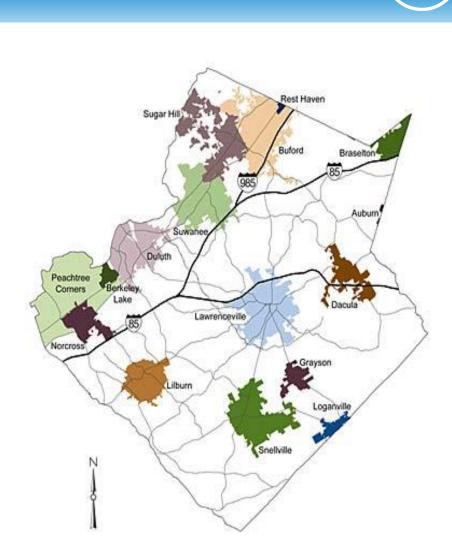
• Up to 30 year, Up to 1% transit-specific SPLOST

 Projects must be in Regional Transit Plan & approved by the ATL

 Counties outside of 13-county region can pair together to use new T-SPLOST authority



Special Gwinnett County Provisions



- Gwinnett can hold Transit SPLOST referendum on joining MARTA via Contract at any time
- Joining MARTA involves 1% sales tax for length of MARTA Act; Transit SPLOST may be up to 1% for up to 30 years
- Provision for Gwinnett to have one additional MARTA Board seat (total of 3) if county joins system in 2018
- If Gwinnett holds a Transit SPLOST referendum in 2019 or after, it is governed under ATL provisions
- Transit projects must be included in ATL regional transit plan starting in 2019

Special Fulton County Provisions





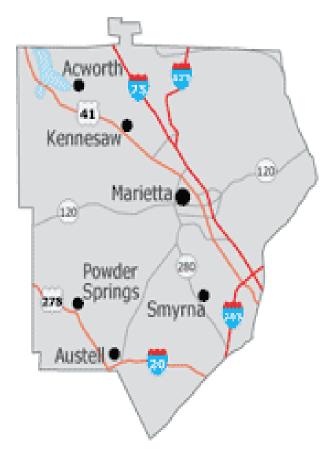
• Fulton County – can hold a referendum for additional 0.2% sales tax for transit, in increments of .05% for at least 10 and no more than 30 years

Restrictions Unique to Fulton County:

- Sales tax proceeds <u>cannot</u> be used to fund heavy rail expansion but <u>can</u> be used for light-rail, bus rapid transit, or other transit services provided by MARTA.
- Local governments will have planning and zoning power over any proposed transit-oriented development.
- Before a referendum can be called, an intergovernmental agreement must be entered into between Fulton County Board of Commissioners and Mayors in Fulton representing at least <u>70 percent</u> of the population of Fulton County (outside the City of Atlanta).

Regional Transit Funds Special Cobb County Provisions





- Cobb County can create a special taxing district within the county through a committee process
- Board of Commissioners and state legislative delegation must come to agreement on boundaries of special district
- County may then hold a Transit SPLOST referendum & enter into a contract with MARTA to provide transit services within such special district at any time up to December 1, 2019
- Cobb still has same option to join MARTA as existed prior to HB 930

Regional Unified Branding

Intent – a seamless customer experience

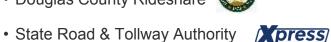


- **As of Jan. 1, 2019**, any new MARTA asset worth more than \$250,000 must display The ATL logo and brand, prominently featuring the acronym "ATL"
- As of Jan. 1, 2023, the ATL logo and brand must be used on any and all MARTA property

At Least 10 Public Transit Agency/Operators

- Metropolitan Atlanta Rapid Transit Authority
- Cobb County Department of Transportation

Douglas County Rideshare



- Gwinnett County Board of Commissioners
- Cherokee County Board of Commissioners
- Henry County Transit



- Forsyth County Public Transportation Dial A Ride
- Coweta County Dial A Ride
- vRide and Enterprise Rideshare **VRide**







- MARTA has exclusive authority for operating region's heavy rail system, including any new heavy rail projects
- MARTA retains control over its current local funding & operations
- MARTA's legal contractual obligations unaffected



- GRTA's authority over the TIP, DRI, and Governor's Development Council remain intact as they exist today
- The ATL is administratively attached to GRTA
- GRTA's role in regional transit transitions to ATL no later than July 1, 2020



- SRTA's tolling, GTIB, and transportation financing roles remain intact
- SRTA's GO! Transit program will be coordinated with the ATL
- SRTA's role in regional transit operations transitions to ATL no later than July 1, 2021

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- ARC & ATL work closely together to revise current regional transit process
- ARC & ATL work closely together to ensure that Regional Transit Plan aligns and integrates with TIP and STP processes and funding



Gwinnett, Cherokee and Cobb have many options going forward

Others

- County Demand-Response Transit Services
- County Vanpool Programs
- University Transit Services

The ATL: Regional Opportunities...

...Flow from a Regional Outlook



THE ATLANTA-REGION TRANSIT LINK AUTHORITY

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